BEFORE THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

In the Matter of:
SPECIAL INTEREST AUTO WORKS, INC.
and TROY PETERSON, Individual,
Kent, WA

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Docket No. CWA-10-2013-0123

ANSWER, AFFIRMTIVE DEFENSES AND REQUEST FOR HEARING

Respondents.

Respondents Special Interest Auto Works, Inc. and Troy Peterson, individual,
("Respondents") pursuant to the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative
Assessment of Civil Penalties, Rule 22.15, ("the Rules") hereby answer the Complaint dated
July 11, 2013, filed July 15, 2013 with the Hearing Clerk for the Environmental Protection
Agency, Region 10 and served on Respondents July 18, 2013 ("the Complaint), as follows:

I. AUTHORITIES (Paragraphs of answer correspondence to Nos. I through VIII in the Complaint)

1.1 Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 1.1 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same. Respondents specifically DENY that they have violated the Clean Water Act ("CWA") or that there is any factual or legal basis to impose a civil penalty on them.

ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST FOR HEARING - 1 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]

ORIGINAL

DENNIS D. REYNOLDS LAW OFFICE 200 Winslow Way West, Suite 380 Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 (206) 780-6777 (206) 780-6865 (Facsimile)

- 1.2 Respondents ADMIT that the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") proposes in the Complaint the assessment of a civil penalty against themselves for alleged violations of the CWA. Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 1.2 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same.
- 1.3 Respondents ADMIT that the EPA did provide the State of Washington

 Department of Ecology ("Ecology") by letter dated July 11, 2013 a notice of the filing of this action. Respondents affirmatively allege that the EPA's notice to Ecology is insufficient and does not comply with statutory requirements. Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 1.3 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same.

II. STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

- 2.1 Paragraph 2.1 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.2 Paragraph 2.2 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.3 Paragraph 2.3 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.4 Paragraph 2.4 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.

ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST FOR HEARING - 2 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]

- 2.5 Paragraph 2.5 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.6 Paragraph 2.6 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.7 Paragraph 2.7 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which requires no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.8 Paragraph 2.8 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.9 Paragraph 2.9 of the Complaint recites provisions of the Clean Water Act which require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that none of their actions constitute a violation of the CWA.
- 2.10 Respondents ADMIT that the State of Washington has been authorized by the EPA to administer the National Pollutant Discharge and Elimination ("NPDES") Program.
 Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the remaining allegations of Paragraph 2.10 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same.
- 2.11 Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 2.11 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same. Respondents affirmatively allege that they have coverage under the Washington Industrial Stormwater

24

25

26

General NPDES Permit although their activities do not require coverage. See ¶3.7, infra.

Respondents DENY they propose to discharge (or have discharged) pollutants via stormwater to a surface water body constituting waters of the Unites States including, but not limited to, the Green River.

- 2.12 Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 2.12 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same.
- 2.13 Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 2.13 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same. Respondents affirmatively allege that they have an NPDES permit issued them by the State of Washington Department of Ecology, No. WAR-126144, Troy Peterson /Special Interest Auto Works, Inc, Facility Name: "Special Interest Auto Works, Inc.", located at 25923 7th Avenue South, Kent, Washington, King County.
- 2.14 The allegations contained in Paragraph 2.14 of the Complaint are recitations of the law and require no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that they have an NPDES permit issued by the State of Washington Department of Ecology.
- 2.15 In answer to the allegations contained in Paragraph 2.15 of the Complaint, Respondents ADMIT that the EPA has authority to issue administrative penalties for violations of the CWA. Respondents specifically DENY that any of their activities have violated the CWA or that there is any legal or factual basis to impose administrative penalties against them.

III. ALLEGATIONS

3.1 Respondents ADMIT the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.1 of the Complaint.

ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST FOR HEARING - 4 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]

- 3.2 In response to the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.2 of the Complaint, Respondents ADMIT that they have day-to-day operational control of activities which occur at the Special Interest Auto Wrecking facility site. Respondents DENY that they are releasing (or have released) pollutants to waters of the United States including, but not limited to the Green River, which would necessitate permit coverage. Respondents affirmatively allege that they have an NPDES Permit from the State of Washington Department of Ecology.
- 3.3 Respondents ADMIT the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.3 of the Complaint.
- 3.4 Respondents ADMIT the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.4 of the Complaint, except DENY that the site is 6.8 acres in size. The subject site has an area of 3.4 acres. Soils on the site are a deep alluvial sandy loam with relatively high infiltration capacity.
- 3.5 Respondents DENY the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.5 of the Complaint. Respondents specifically DENY that any surface stormwater discharges have emanated from the site or have reached the Green River or any other water of the United States from their activities.
- 3.6 Respondents ADMIT the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.6 of the Complaint.
- 3.7 Respondents DENY the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.7 of the Complaint and affirmatively allege that the State of Washington Department of Ecology issued them an NPDES Permit on or about October 9, 2012, Permit No. WAR-126144. Prior to this time, Respondents operated under the reasonable assumption that all stormwater on the

site vertically infiltrated into the pervious sandy native soil, thus negating the requirement to attain NPDES coverage.

- 3.8 Respondents ADMIT that they took over the site on August 1, 2008.

 Automobiles were not stored on the site until January 2009. Respondents specifically DENY that any of their activities have resulted in "discharges of pollutants via stormwater to the Green River." Respondents ADMIT that they did not have an NPDES Permit until on or about October 9, 2012.
- 3.9 Respondents DENY the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.9 of the Complaint.
- 3.10 Respondents DENY that they received a November 2011 EPA mailing.

 Respondents ADMIT that a site inspection occurred on or about February 24, 2012.

 Respondents ADMIT the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 3.10 of the Complaint subject to the qualifications set out in ¶4.3.1.2, *infra*.
- 3.11 Respondents DENY the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.11 of the Complaint, except they ADMIT that there was a site inspection on February 24, 2012.
- 3.12 Respondents ADMIT the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.12 of the Complaint, but specifically DENY that stormwater discharges are occurring from the site (or have occurred) which emanate to and discharge into the Green River. *See* Response, ¶3.13 and 3.23, *infra*.
- 3.13 Respondents ADMIT an analysis of the samples collected on March 29, 2012 contain the substances stated in the Complaint. The pollutants observed in EPA's water quality sample results, including copper, lead, zinc, cadmium, and TPH, are typically present

26

in stormwater runoff from roadways, parking lots and other surfaces traveled by vehicles. Their presence in standing water tested from the subject site is not alarming. Of the pollutants observed, only copper and zinc exceeded the benchmark concentrations that have been established in the Industrial Stormwater General Permit. The concentration of zinc in EPA's sample only slightly exceeded the benchmark with an observed value of 127 ug/L versus the benchmark value of 117 ug/L. The Respondents affirmatively DENY any "pollutants" were released in stormwater emanating from their property or were discharged into the Green River as a result of their activities.

- 3.14 Respondents ADMIT the allegations at Paragraph 3.14, but affirmatively allege that their operations or activities did not require coverage under the NPDES program.
- 3.15 Respondents are without knowledge as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 3.15 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same.

Count 1 (Failure to Apply for a Permit)

- 3.16 Respondents reallege their responses to Paragraphs 1.1 through 3.4 of the Complaint, which responses are incorporated by reference.
 - 3.17 Respondents DENY the allegations of Paragraph 3.17 of the Complaint.
 - 3.18 Respondents DENY the allegations of Paragraph 3.18 of the Complaint.
- 3.19 Respondents DENY the allegations of Paragraph 3.19 of the Complaint.
 Respondents ADMIT they did not have an NPDES permit until on or about October 9, 2012.
 Respondents affirmatively allege that they were not required to obtain an individual NPDES permit or seek coverage under the ISGP as the result of their activities conducted on the site.

- 3.20 Respondents ADMIT that they did not obtain an NPDES Permit until on or about October 9, 2012.
 - 3.21 Respondents DENY allegations of Paragraph 3.21 of the Complaint.

Count 2 (Discharge Without a Permit)

- 3.22 Respondents reallege their responses to Paragraphs 1.1 through 3.4 of the Complaint, which responses are incorporated by reference.
- 3.23 Respondents DENY the allegations to Paragraph 3.23 of the Complaint.

 Respondents affirmatively allege that on only one occasion was surface water observed to be discharging from the subject site. This occurred on March 29, 2012 when the EPA conducted a site visit and collected a sample of the water leaving the site through a small breach in a berm caused by an animal digging the dirt. A small portion of the site drains to the area where discharge was observed by the EPA. The EPA estimated an area of about 0.5 acre draining to the discharge location. This portion of the site is being used for salvaged car storage. The ground surface is grass covered with gravel access driveways. Stormwater collects in low portions of the site and infiltrates into the native soil vertically, not horizontally. The discharge occurring from the site on March 9, 2012 was at a low rate and of low volume. The stormwater likely infiltrated the native soil a short distance from the site.

 No established flow path exists between the subject site and the Green River. A flow path would have become established with any significant quantity of runoff discharging from the property, but this has not occurred nor been observed.
 - 3.24 Respondents DENY the allegations to Paragraph 3.24 of the Complaint.
 - 3.25 Respondents DENY the allegations to Paragraph 3.25 of the Complaint.
 - 3.26 Respondents DENY the allegations to Paragraph 3.26 of the Complaint.

ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST FOR HEARING - 8 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]

- 3.27 Respondents DENY that they violated Section 301(a) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. §
 1311(a). Respondents ADMIT that they did not have a NPDES permit until October 4, 2012.
- 3.28 Respondents DENY the allegations to Paragraph 3.28 of the Complaint.

 Respondents affirmatively allege that, at most, on only a few occasions did stormwater emanate from the site and on no occasion was stormwater observed to enter into the Green River or into any other water of the United States. See Response, infra ¶ 3.23.

IV. PROPOSED PENALTY

- 4.1 Respondents DENY the allegations of Paragraph 4.1 of the Complaint. The EPA has applied a hydrologic model to predict when runoff from the site has allegedly occurred. Based on Respondent's expert's initial review of the model, the model's predictions are not accurate and cannot be relied upon. The model has been misapplied and is not calibrated to site conditions. The model uses the wrong soil type to model those present on the site. The model includes interflow in the surface runoff predictions wherein there is little or no interflow originating from the Special Interest Auto site. The model neglects surface storage provided onsite with naturally occurring surface roughness and a constructed low berm that extends along the site perimeter that was installed to contain runoff. EPA's model neglects to take into account the pervious nature of the soils on the site and their natural infiltration capacity.
- 4.2 Respondents DENY the allegations of Paragraph 4.2 of the Complaint.
 Respondents ADMIT that they received a NPDES permit on or about October 9, 2012.
- 4.3 No response is required as to what the EPA proposes in paragraph 4.3 of the Complaint. Respondents DENY that they have violated any section of the Clean Water Act or that there is any factual or legal basis upon which a final order can or should be issued to ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST

FOR HEARING - 9 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]

23

24

25

26

Respondents assessing administrative penalties in any amount, including an amount not to exceed \$177,500.00.

4.3.1 Nature, Circumstances, and Gravity of Violations. Respondents DENY the allegations of Subparagraph 4.3.1 of the Complaint.

4.3.1.1 Respondents are not familiar with the full policies of the NPDES Permitting Program, so lack knowledge as to the truth of the allegations set out in Subparagraph 4.3.1.1 of the Complaint and, therefore, DENY the same.

4.3.1.2 Respondents ADMIT that the sample results from the NPDES inspection show certain pollutants found in the stormwater collected from the site. There is no evidence stormwater from the subject site reached a water of the United States, nor are the pollutants in such levels that even if the discharged from the site to the Green River, the discharge would be harmful to human health and aquatic species. This is because (1) any discharge (if any) is occasional at most and (2) except for copper and zinc any discharge would not have exceeded the threshold levels or counts set in Respondent's NPDES Permit. Respondents specifically DENY the "potential for environmental harm" is high as the result of their activities. As to the allegations the Green River is listed on the National Priorities list under the Comprehensive Environmental, Response, Compensation and Liability Act, Respondents have no knowledge of the truth of this particular allegation and, therefore, DENY the same. Respondents specifically DENY that their facility is "one of the many industrial sources contaminating the Duwamish River." Respondents DENY the remaining allegations of 4.3.1.2 of the Complaint, except they ADMIT the Green River has certain beneficial uses for fish and wildlife habitat and use.

26

4.3.2 Respondents' Ability to Pay. Respondents have no knowledge as to exactly what information the Complainant has indicated their responsibility or to their ability to pay a penalty up to the statutory maximum penalty for the stated violations, and therefore, DENY the same. The Respondents acknowledge that the Complainant will consider any information submitted by the Respondents related to their ability to pay a penalty. Respondents respectfully DENY they have violated the CWA or that there is any factual or legal basis to impose civil penalties. Without waiving that position, if any quasi-judicial or judicial officer in his or her wisdom imposes civil penalties, Respondents do not have the ability to pay them. Subject to a protective order to protect the confidentially of their sensitive proprietary information and private financial worth, Respondents are ready, willing and able to present information supporting the allegation that the do not have the ability to pay a substantial civil penalty, if any. If any civil penalties are imposed(which should not be the case) Respondents request that their fees and costs, including attorney fees and expert engineering consulting fees, plus the amounts set out in 4.3.5, infra, be credited towards the penalty.

4.3.3 Respondents' History of Prior Violations. Respondents are unaware of EPA's knowledge as to history of past violations at the facility that they now operate, and therefore, DENY the same. Respondents affirmatively allege that they have never violated the CWA. However, they have reached communication from the State of Washington Department of Ecology regarding minor concerns relating to compliance with their NPDES Permit since that approval was issued in October, 2012.

4.3.4 Respondents' Degree of Culpability. Respondents DENY the allegations of Subparagraph 4.3.4 of the Complaint. Respondents affirmatively allege that they sought permit coverage from the Department of Ecology in approximately April of 2012, but Ecology was unable to issue permit coverage until October 9, 2012.

4.3.5 Respondents' Economic Benefit. Respondents DENY the allegations in Subparagraph 4.3.5 of the Complaint. Respondents affirmatively allege that they have spent, within the last year, approximately \$20,000.00 to assure that their operations and facilities are in compliance with their NPDES permit. The non-expenditure of dollars in prior years has not provided the Respondents an economic benefit.

- 4.3.6 Other Matters as Justice May Require.
- 4.3.7 Respondents' affirmatively allege that the EPA's entire approach in this matter is inconsistent with sound public policy. Respondents have come into compliance by securing a NPDES Permit and making changes on their property, including on site infiltration and other best management practices requested by the State of Washington Department of Ecology. The focus of the enforcement program established by the EPA is to secure compliance, not punishment. Under the facts and circumstances, there is no sound basis in law or fact, or public policy, to impose any civil penalties on Respondents.

V. REQUEST FOR HEARING

- 5.1 Respondents acknowledge their opportunity to request a hearing pursuant to
 Part 22 of the Rules in the Administrative Procedures Act, request a hearing as set out below.
- 5.2 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of 5.2 of the Complaint which require no answer.

8

10

15 16

17 18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

VI. FILING AN ANSWER

- 6.1 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of Paragraph 6.1 of the Complaint which requires no answer, except that according to Part 22 of the Rules, the Answer to the Complaint must be filed within 30 days after service of the Complaint and not 20 days.
- 6.2 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of Paragraph 6.2 of the Complaint which requires no answer. The Respondents affirmatively allege that in their belief their Answers and Responses submitted herein are in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.15.

INFORMAL SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE VII.

- 7.1 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of Paragraph 7.1 of the Complaint which requires no answer. Respondents affirmatively advise the hearing officer that they will request an informal Settlement Conference.
- 7.2 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of Paragraph 7.2 of the Complaint which requires no answer. Respondents affirmatively allege that there is a 30 day time period to file a written Answer according to the Rules.
- 7.3 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of Paragraph 7.3 of the Complaint which requires no answer. Respondents do not intend and will not engage in any ex parte (unilateral) discussion of the merits of this matter with the administrator, the Environmental Appeals Board, or its members, the Regional Judicial Officer, the Presiding Officer, or any other person likely to advise these officials as to the correct decision to issue of this case.

VIII. RESERVATION

8.1 Respondents acknowledge the allegations of Paragraph 8.1 of the Complaint which requires no answer.

6

3

9

12

16

ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST FOR HEARING - 14 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]

DENNIS D. REYNOLDS LAW OFFICE 200 Winslow Way West, Suite 380 Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 (206) 780-6777 (206) 780-6865 (Facsimile)

IX. CONCLUSION (Summary of Circumstances or Arguments Which Constitute Grounds of Defenses, Facts Which Respondents Dispute, Basis for Opposing Proposed) Relief

9.1 Respondents operated under a reasonable belief that obtaining a NPDES Permit for their site was unnecessary since all stormwater was infiltrating vertically and no discharges occurred offsite. While Respondents have accepted a NPDES Permit issued by the State of Washington Department of Ecology, there is no showing that this permit is required based upon their activities and site conditions. Stating as much, Respondents do not object to meeting reasonable government directives. There is no proof that any discharges emanated offsite which reached any waters of the United States, including but not limited to, the Green River. There is no showing of a defined channel that documents any measurable flow emanating offsite from Respondents' facilities to the Green River. The EPA's sole basis for allegations of Clean Water Act violations and imposition of civil penalties is a generic model which, not properly calibrated to take into account onsite conditions, including the highly permeable soils. The validity of the EPA's model can only be tested in an adjudicative hearing with the opportunity to cross-examine witnesses and present evidence. Respondents' dispute all "facts" alleged by EPA, including that their activities require coverage under the General NPDES Permit or that stormwater has emanated offsite from their facility into the Green River or any other water of the United States. Without a violation of law there is no basis to impose civil penalties. In addition, Respondents' activities are now fully in compliance with any requirements. In sum, there is no basis in fact, law, or public policy to impose civil penalties on Respondents.

X. REQUEST FOR ASSINGMENT OF PRESIDING OFFICER

10.1 Pursuant to the Rule 22.21, Respondents herein request that EPA's Regional Hearing Clerk forward a copy of the Complaint and Answer, Affirmative Defenses and Request for Hearing to the Chief Administrative Law Officer for assignment of a presiding officer to hear this matter.

XI. REQUEST FOR HEARING

11.1 Pursuant to Rule 22.21, a Presiding Officer should be appointed. As allowed by Rules, Rule 22.15(c), Respondents request an adjudicative hearing.

XII. LEAVE TO AMEND ANSWER

12.1 Much of the information related to the EPA's enforcement action taken this matter by filing of the Complaint is solely in the possession of that agency. As allowed by the Rules, Rule 22.19(c), Respondents' will request leave to engage in discovery. Once they have received more information from the EPA, Respondents give notice that they may amend this Answer to provide more defenses then set-out herein.

Having fully answered the Complaint, the Respondents assert the following AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES:

- 1. The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.
- 2. The EPA delegated authority to implement all federal and state water pollution control laws and regulations in Washington State to the State Department of Ecology;

 Ecology did not require Respondents to obtain an individual NPDES permit or seek coverage under the ISGP until the summer of 2012; the EPA waived any and all claims related to Respondents' alleged failure to obtain a permit prior to such date.

- To the extent the Complaint identifies any violations of the CWA, they are solely the result of Ecology's actions or omissions in administering the NPDES permitting program.
- Respondents' activities have not resulted (and were not a result) in the discharge of pollutants to "waters of the United States."
- The EPA cannot establish that Respondents were the source of any of the pollutants allegedly found in surrounding waters.
- The existence of any wastewater discharges in the vicinity of Respondents' operations have been caused solely by acts of God and/or the acts or omissions of a third party.
- 7. To the extent that Respondent's acts or omissions may, without either so admitting or denying, be in noncompliance with the Clean Water Act, those acts or omissions are *de minimis* in nature, have created no danger to health and public safety or human welfare, or a danger to the environment.
- The EPA fails to state a claim under the CWA because it cannot establish a continuing violation.
- The EPA fails to state a claim under the CWA because Ecology has already enforced permitting requirements in connection with the allegations in the Complaint.
 - 10. The allegations in the Complaint are barred by laches and/or waiver.
- 11. The Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over Respondents because the EPA failed to comply with statutory requirements to provide the State of Washington Department of Ecology with notice of the filing of the Complaint.

- 12. The EPA lacks authority to assess a penalty under 33 U.S.C. § 1319(g) because it failed to consult with Ecology before proposing the penalty against Respondents as set forth in the Complaint.
- Any and all actions or omissions concerning compliance with the Clean Water
 Act have not resulted in any economic benefit to Respondents.
 - 14. Respondents at all times acted in good faith.
 - 15. EPA fails to meet its burden of proof.

Respondents reserve the right to amend these pleadings and to add such further affirmative defenses as discovery and development of the case may disclose.

WHEREFORE, Respondents respectfully request that the Complaint in the instant case be dismissed in its entirety and that no civil penalties be imposed on them.

DATED this 31 day of July, 2013.

DENNIS D. REYNOLDS LAW OFFICE

By

Dennis D. Reynolds, WSBA #04762 Attorneys for Respondents Special Interest Auto Works, Inc. and Troy Peterson

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, hereby certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington, that I am now, and have at all times material hereto been, a resident of the State of Washington, over the age of 18 years, not a party to, nor interested in, the above-entitled action, and competent to be a witness herein.

I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing pleading to be served this date, in the manner indicated, to the parties listed below:

| Candace Smith, Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10 1200 Sixth Avenue, #900 / Mail Stop ORC-158 Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-6524, tel Smith.candace@epamail.epa.gov, email | ☐ Legal Messenger ☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Facsimile ☐ First Class Mail ☐ Express Mail, Next Day ☐ Email |
|---|--|
| Copies to: Edward J. Kowalski, Director Office of Compliance and Enforcement U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1200 Sixth Avenue, #900 / Mail Code OCE-184 Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-6695, tel Kowalski.edward@epamail.epa.gov, email | ☐ Legal Messenger ☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Facsimile ☐ First Class Mail ☐ Express Mail, Next Day ☐ Email |
| Elizabeth McKenna, Office of Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10 1200 Sixth Avenue, #900 / Mail Code OCE-133 Seattle, WA 98101-3140 (206) 553-0016, tel Mckenna.Elizabeth@epamail.epa.gov, email | ☐ Legal Messenger ☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Facsimile ☐ First Class Mail ☐ Express Mail, Next Day ☐ Email |

DATED at Bainbridge Island, Washington, this 31 day of July, 2013.

Karen Kimzey
Legal Assistant

ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND REQUEST FOR HEARING - 18 of 18 DOCKET NO. CWA-10-2013-0123 [90218-1]